

# **Department of EEE**

# EE8602 – PROTECTION AND SWITCHGEAR Unit III - MCQ Bank

- 1. Which fault is related to power transformer?
- (A) Overheating of core
- (B) Earth fault
- (C) Phase to Phase fault
- (D) All of above

Answer-D

- 2.Merz prize protection system is used for
- (A) Transformer
- (B) Alternator
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of above

Answer-C

- 3.Merz prize protection system works on principle of
- (A) Current balance
- (B) Voltage balance
- (C) Power balance
- (D) None of above

Answer-A

- 4. Which protection system is used for earth fault in power transformer?
- (A) Merz prize protection
- (B) Earth fault protection
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of above

Answer-C

- 5. Which relay provide signal before the fault?
- (A) Buchholz relay
- (B) Over current relay
- (C) Under current relay
- (D) None of above

Answer-A

- 6.Buchholz relay is used in protection of
- (A) Transformer

- (B) Alternator
- (C) Induction motor
- (D) None of above

- 7. Which of the protection is provided by buchholz relay?
- (A) Short circuit in winding
- (B) Earth fault in winding
- (C) Local over heating
- (D) All of above

Answer-D

- 8.Buchholz relay is used for transformer rating above
- (A) 100 KVA
- (B) 200 KVA
- (C) 400 KVA
- (D) 500 KVA

Answer-D

- 9. Which of the abnormality possible in alternator?
- (A) Failure of prime mover
- (B) Overloading
- (C) Over voltage
- (D) All of above

Answer-D

- 10. When exciter failed, alternator works as
- (A) Induction motor
- (B) Induction generator
- (C) Transformer
- (D) None of above

Answer-B

- 11.Unbalance loading in alternator produce
- (A) Negative phase sequence current
- (B) Positive phase sequence current
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of above

Answer-A

- 12. When load on alternator is suddenly reduced, voltage will be
- (A) Increase
- (B) Decrease
- (C) Remain same
- (D) None of above

Answer-A

13. When load on alternator is suddenly reduced, speed will be

- (A) Increase
- (B) Decrease
- (C) Remain same
- (D) None of above

- 14. Failure of excitation of alternator will be sensed by
- (A) Undercurrent relay
- (B) Over current relay
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of above

Answer-C

- 15.In alternator, inter turn fault possible in
- (A) Stator
- (B) Rotor
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of above

Answer-C

- 16.Reverse running of alternator is due to
- (A) Over voltage
- (B) Over current
- (C) Failure of prime mover
- (D) None of above

## Answer-C

- 17. Which of the abnormality possible in induction motor?
- (A) Single phasing
- (B) Short circuit
- (C) Stalling
- (D) All of above

#### Answer-D

- 18. Which protection system is used for bus bar?
- (A) Frame leakage
- (B) Circulating current
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of above

#### Answer-C

- 19.Bus coupler is very essential in the arrangement
  - A. Single bus
  - B. Double bus, double breaker
  - C. Main and transfer bus

D. All of the above

Answer-C

- 20. The short circuit in any winding of the transformer is the result of
  - A. Mechanical vibration
  - B. Insulation failure
  - C. Loose connection
  - D. Impulse voltage

Answer-D

- 21.A mho relay is used for protection of:
  - A. Protection of a transformer against external fault
  - **B.** Long Transmission Line
  - C. Protection of a transformer against all the internal faults and external fault
  - D. Medium Length lines

Answer-B

- 22. For which of the following protection from negative sequence currents is provided?
  - A. Generators
  - **B.** Motors
  - C. Transmission line
  - D. Transformers

Answer-B

- 23.A relay which measures impedance or a component of the impedance at the relay location is known as
  - A. Induction Relay
  - B. Moving Coil Relay
  - C. IDMT Relay
  - **D.** Distance Relay

Answer-D

- 24. For which of the following ratings of the transformer differential protection is recommended?
  - A. Above 30 kVA
  - B. Equal to and above 5 MVA
  - C. Equal to and above 25 MVA
  - D. None of the above

Answer-C

- 25. A \_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to measure the stator % winding temperature of the generator
  - A. Thermocouple
  - B. Pyrometer
  - C. Resistance thermometer
  - D. Thermometer

Answer-D

- 26. The under voltage relay can be used for
  - A. Generators
  - B. Busbars
  - C. Motors
  - D. All of the above

Answer-D

- 27. The relay with inverse time is
  - A. Directly proportional to the square of fault current
  - B. Direct proportional to the of fault current

# C. Inversely proportional to the of fault current

D. Inversely proportional to the square of fault current

#### Answer.C

- 28. When the fault current is 2000 A, for a relay setting of 50% with CT ratio 500/5, the plug setting multiplier will be
  - A. 16
  - B. 12
  - C. 4
  - D. 8

Answer-D

29. Which of the following devices will receive voltage surge first traveling on the transmission line?

# A. Lightning arresters

- B. Relays
- C. Step-down transformer
- D. Switchgear

## Answer.A

- 30. Which of the following parameter can be neglected for a short line?
  - A. Inductance

# B. Capacitance

- C. Resistance
- D. Reactance

### Answer-B

31Series reactors should have

#### A. Low resistance

- B. High resistance
- C. Low impedance
- D. High impedance

# Answer.A

- 32. Which of the following circuit breakers has high reliability and minimum maintenance?
  - A. Air blast circuit breakers
  - B. Circuit breaker with SF6 gas
  - C. Vacuum circuit breakers
  - D. Oil circuit breakers

#### Answer-B

33. Arc in a circuit breaker is interrupted at

# A. Zero current

B. Maximum current

- C. Minimum current
- D. Hide Explanation

- 34. The transmission line has a reflection coefficient as one
  - A. Open circuit
  - B. Short-circuit
  - C. Long
  - D. None of the above

Answer-A

- 35. What will be the reflection coefficient of the wave of the load connected to the transmission line if surge impedance of the line is equal to load?
  - A. Zero
  - B. Unity
  - C. Infinity
  - D. None of the above

Answer-A

- 36. A Buchholz relay is used for
  - A. Protection of a transformer against all internal faults.
  - B. Protection of a transformer against external faults.
  - C. Protection of a transformer against both internal and external faults.
  - D. Protection of induction motors.

Answer-A

- 37. Overvoltage protection is recommended for
  - A. Hydro-electric generators
  - B. Steam turbine generators
  - C. Gas turbine generators
  - D. All of the above

Answer-A

- 38. In a thyrite lightning arrester the resistance
  - A. Decrease linearly with the applied voltage
  - B. Is high at low current and low at high current
  - C. Is low at low current and high at high current
- D. Increase linearly with the applied voltage Answer-B
- 39. Over fluxing protection is recommended for

- A. Distribution transformer
- B. Generator transformer of the power plant
- C. Auto-transformer of the power plant
- D. Station transformer of the power plant

#### Answer-B

- 40. Series capacitors are used to
  - A. Compensate for line inductive reactance
  - B. Compensate for line capacitive reactance
  - C. Improve line voltage
  - D. None of the above

#### Answer-A

- 41. Admittance relay is \_\_\_\_\_ relay.
  - A. Impedance
  - **B.** Distance
  - C. Non-directional
  - D. None of the above

#### Answer-B

- 42. The material used for fuse must have
  - A. The low melting point and high specific resistance
  - B. The low melting point and -low specific resistance
  - C. High melting point and low specific resistance
  - D. Low melting point and any specific resistance

# Answer-B

- 43. If the fault occurs near the impedance relay, the VI ratio will be
  - A. Constant for all distances
  - B. Lower than that of if the fault occurs away from the relay
  - C. Higher than that of if the fault occurs away from the relay
  - D. None of the above

#### Answer-B

- 44. The torque produced in induction type relay (shaded pole structure) is
  - A. Inversely proportional to the current
  - B. Inversely proportional to the square of the current
  - C. Proportional to the current
  - D. Proportional to the square of the current

Answer-D

45. The steady-state stability of the power system can be increased by

- A. Connecting lines in parallel
  B. Connecting lines in series
  C. Using machines of high impedance
  D. Reducing the excitation of machines

